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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY INFORMATION FROM

FOREIGN DOCUMENTS OR RADIO BROADCASTS

REPORT

50X1-HUM

COUNTRY

Hungary

DATE OF

CD NO.

SUBJECT

Economic - Industry, textiles

1951 INFORMATION

HOW

PUBLISHED Daily newspaper

DATE DIST. Apr 1951

WHERE

PUBLISHED

DATE

Budapest

NO. OF PAGES 1

PUBLISHED

10 Mar 1951

SUPPLEMENT TO

LANGUAGE

Hungarian

REPORT NO.

THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

SOURCE

Nepszava.

TEXTILE INDUSTRY PROFILS FROM SOVIET EXPERIENCE

Laszlo Veg

A new generation of textile workers is growing up, the members of which are trained on fast, light, modern Soviet machines. The new machines raise productivity enormously.

The USSR helps not only by giving new machinery and equipment sufficient to outfit entire factories. At the time of the liberation, it enabled the textile industry to obtain contracts and raw materials. The plants were provided with cotton, fuel, and means of transportation. Production started with the aid of Soviet individuals. By obtaining raw materials, the textile industry is no longer dependent upon the capitalist countries.

The Soviet Union guides Hungary in raising its own cotton. An area of 50,000 cadastral yokes was sown with Soviet cotton seeds. By the last year of the Five-Year Plan, domestic raw materials will satisfy 30 percent of the coun-

The Hungarian Stakhanovite movement was modeled after the Soviet example. There are now 900 Stakhanovites holding certificates, 300 of whom are entitled to wear the Stakhanovite pin.

Soviet technical literature, translated into Hungarian, exerts a great influence. It arswers many questions for those who, up to now, had access only to German and English technical literature.

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